2920/105 OPERATING SYSTEMS November 2016 Time: 3 hours



THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

DIPLOMA IN INFORMATION COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

MODULE I

OPERATING SYSTEMS

3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

This paper consists of EIGHT questions.

Answer any FIVE of the EIGHT questions in the answer booklet provided.

All questions carry equal marks.

Candidates should answer the questions in English

This paper consists of 4 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

1. Explain the term system call as applied in operating systems. (a) (2 marks) (b) Outline four benefits of virtual memory in computers. (4 marks) (c) Describe three strategies that could be used to mitigate deadlocks in operating systems. (6 marks) (d) Several resources are prerequisite for a successful process execution by the CPU. (i) Outline four examples of these resources that should be availed to the CPU. (4 marks) (ii) Sifa was required to identify advantages of the pre-emptive job scheduling techniques. Explain two advantages that she could have identified. (4 marks) 2. Outline three file operations that could be applied to a file. (3 marks) (a) (b) Define the term sector as applied in computer storage. (2 marks) With the aid of a diagram, describe file allocation table as used in operating (ii) systems. (5 marks) Outline two limitations of fixed memory partitioning. (2 marks) (c) (i) Differentiate between single and double buffering as used in I/O ports registers. (ii) (4 marks) Tom would like to design a memory system that uses best-fit placement algorithm. (d) Explain two limitations of this algorithm that would affect the performance of the memory. (4 marks) Explain each of the following terms as used in operating systems 3. (a) (i) kernel: (2 marks) (ii) (2 marks) monitor. Elsic was required to select an operating system that would be used on a server computer (b) to provide a wide range of services to other desktop computers. Identify the most appropriate type of operating system that she could select (i) justifying your answer. (2 marks) Explain two benefits that her company could realize when using the operating (ii) system identified in (i). (4 marks) (c) (i) Explain the term Remote Procedure Call (RPC) as used in operating systems. (2 marks) (ii) Differentiate between communication and storage I/O devices. (4 marks) A computer is made up of different types of internal buses to facilitate communication. (d) Explain two types of such buses found in a computer system. (4 marks) Outline three examples of roles that could be provided by a parent processor. 4. (a) (i) (3 marks) With the aid of a diagram, describe the burst DMA mode of operations. (4 marks)

(b) With the aid of a diagram, describe a hierarchical file system. (5 marks) (c) Mark proposed a file encryption technique for his company's file system. Explain two techniques that he could have proposed. (4 marks) (d) Deadlocks are inevitable in operating systems. Explain two conditions that should hold to trigger this anomaly. (4 marks) (a) Name two ways of creating processes during execution by operating system. (i) (2 marks) (ii) Outline four advantages of peer-to-peer file sharing. (4 marks) (b) Differentiate between seek time and rotational delay as used in disk management, (4 marks) (c) Identify the type of memory used in each case: (i) temporarily store results of processing by CPU; (1 mark) (ii) retains stored information event after computer restarts; (1 mark) (iii) portion of hard disk that is logically addressed as a main memory; (1 mark) (iv) bridges the speed gap between the processor and RAM; (I mark) (d) Sam was required to enumerate objectives of interprocess communication in operating systems during a regional symposium for programmer's. Explain three objectives that he could have outlined. (6 marks) 6. (a) (i) Explain the term frame as applied in memory management. (2 marks) (ii) Differentiate between base register and bound register as used in memory management. (4 marks) Monolithic operating systems are not popular. Outline four limitations of monolithic operating systems that could be influencing this trend. (4 marks) With the aid of sketches, explain two issues associated with memory fragmentation. (c) (4 marks) (d) Maria intends to use round robin job scheduling algorithm in an operating system. Explain three benefits of using this algorithm. (6 marks) 7. (a) (i) Outline two factors to be considered when selecting computer memory, other than cost. (2 marks) (ii) Differentiate between I/O bound and CPU bound jobs. (4 marks) (b) (i) Define the term dispatcher as used in operating systems. (2 marks) (ii) Describe three advantages of paging memory as used in memory management. (6 marks)

- (c) Lloyd was required to design a file system for a client that will support indiscriminate access of files by system users.
 - Identify the most appropriate file access method that he could use justifying your answer. (2 marks)
 - (ii) Explain two advantages of file access method identified in (i). (4 marks)
- (a) Figure 1 shows a sketch of a section of a hard disk. Explain the functions of each of the parts labeled (i) and (ii).
 (4 marks)

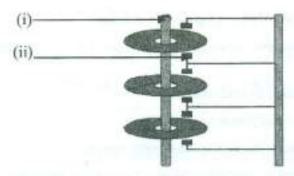


Figure 1

- (b) Dennis investigated challenges faced while using non-preemptive job scheduling in operating systems. Explain two challenges that he could have established. (4 marks)
- (c) Bernard intends to configure access control list (ACl) in a one of his client's file system. Explain two reasons that could influence his decision. (4 marks)
- (d) Cindy was required to indentify characteristics of a 4th generation operating system during an exam. Outline four characteristics that she could have listed.

 (4 marks)
 - (ii) RDS Company Ltd. intends to deploy Redundant Array of Independent Disks (RAID) in its file system. Explain two benefits that the company could realize from using the technology. (4 marks)

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