Remove Watermark No

1920/103 BASIC ELECTRONICS July 2018 Time: 3 hours



# THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL CRAFT CERTIFICATE IN INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

BASIC ELECTRONICS

3 hours

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

This paper consists of FIFTEEN questions in TWO sections, A and B.

Answer ALL the questions in section A and any FOUR from section B in the answer booklet provided.

Candidate should answer the questions in English.

This paper consists of 4 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

©2018 The Kenya National Examinations Council

Turn over

## SECTION A (40 marks)

## Answer ALL the questions in this section.

- Outline four acceptors elements that would form a p-type region when a semiconductor is 4. doped. (4 marks) 2. Draw a closed circuit of three inductors (L1, L2 and L3) in series, showing the current (I) flow and voltage (V<sub>1</sub>, V<sub>2</sub> and V<sub>3</sub>) across each inductor. (4 marks) Determine the arithmetic operation 3 4 5 8 + 4 3 F 16 leaving the answer in decimal 3. equivalent (4 marks) 4 Explain two characteristics of a Static Random Access Memory. (4 marks) 5. Modern computers use ROM in the manufacture of their memories. Explain two primarily uses of ROM. (4 marks) Explain two application areas of gray code in computers. (4 marks) 10. 7. Computer designers prefers using hexadecimal number system. State two reasons for (a) this. (2 marks) Define each of the following terms as used in electrical circuits: (b) (i) (1 mark) overcurrent; (ii) wattage (1 mark) 8. Calculate each of the following octal arithmetic:
  - (i) 234 137;

(2 marks)

(ii) 654 + 216.

(2 marks)

With the aid of a sketch, implement an AND with two inputs using NAND logic gates.

(4 marks)

- Determine the Excess 3 equivalent of each of the following decimal numbers.
  - (i) 147;

(2 marks)

(ii) 2543.

(2 marks)

#### Pamaya Watermark No

## SECTION B (60 marks)

Answer any FOUR questions from this section.

- 11. (a) (i) Outline four examples of Read Only Memory. (4 marks)
  - (ii) The rapid development of electronic components has changed the face the electronic world. Explain two emerging trends of such electronic components in the society. (4 marks)
  - (b) (i) Using BCD, evaluate 91 + 79. (3 marks)
    - (ii) Differentiate between power and energy as used in electrical circuits. (4 marks)
- (a) (i) Explain two primary bonds that could be found in a semiconductor. (4 marks)
  - (ii) Differentiate between electrical conductivity and electrical resistivity as used in D.C circuits. (4 marks)
  - (b) (i) Figure 1 represents a logic gate. Draw the truth table of the logic gate. (3 marks)

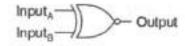


Figure 1

(ii) Figure 2 represent a closed. Use it to answer the following questions.

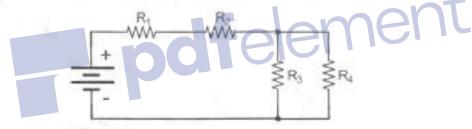


Figure 2

- (I) Determin the total resistance in the circuit givent that  $R_1 = 10 \Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 60 \Omega$ ,  $R_3 = 50 \Omega$  and  $R_4 = 40 \Omega$ . (3 marks)
- (II) Describe the flow of current in the resistors R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub>.(1 mark)
- (a) Table 1 represent a truth table for a logic circuit. Use it to answer the questions that follow.

A	В	C	L
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

Table 1

- (i) Derive the Boolean expression for the sum of products. (2 marks)
- (ii) Use a K-map to simplify the Boolean expression. (4 marks)
- (b) (i) Explain three circumstances under which two's complement is required in computer use. (6 marks)
  - (ii) Distinguish between electrode and electrolyte as used in batteries. (3 marks)
- 14. (a) (i) Define the term impedance as used in electronics. (2 marks)
  - (ii) Convert the following decimal equivalent to their BCD numbers.
    - (I) 598 (2 marks)
    - (II) 96.72 (2 marks)
  - (b) (i) Evaluate the binary arithmetic D<sub>16</sub> \* 3<sub>8 to its octal equivalent</sub>. (4 marks)
    - (ii) Simply the boolean function using the boolean algebra laws. (5 marks)

$$F = \overline{ABC} + \overline{ABC} + \overline{ABC} + \overline{ABC} + \overline{ABC} + \overline{ABC} + \overline{ABC}$$

- 15. (a) (i) Outline three disadvantages of integrated circuits. (3 marks)
  - (ii) Draw a closed circuit with two batteries and three resistors (R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, and R<sub>3</sub>) in parallel showing the flow of current. (5 marks)
  - (b) Figure 3 represents an atom structure of an element X. Identify the part labelled [4 marks]

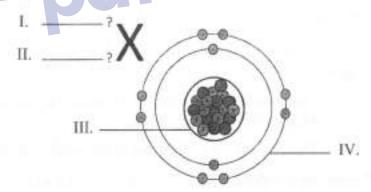


Figure 3

- (ii) Explain each of the following terms as applied in batteries:
  - (I) float charging;
  - memory effect.

(11/2 marks)

(1½ marks)