2705/103 2707/103 2709/103 2710/103 STRUCTURES I AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS I June/July 2019 Time: 3 hours





THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

DIPLOMA IN BUILDING TECHNOLOGY DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING DIPLOMA IN ARCHITECTURE

MODULE I

STRUCTURES I AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS I

3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

You should have the following for this examination:

Answer booklet:

Scientific calculator;

Drawing instruments.

This paper consists of EIGHT questions in TWO sections: A and B.

Answer FIVE questions choosing at least TWO questions from each section.

All questions carry equal marks.

Maximum marks for each part of a question are indicated.

Candidates should answer the questions in English.

This paper consists of 7 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

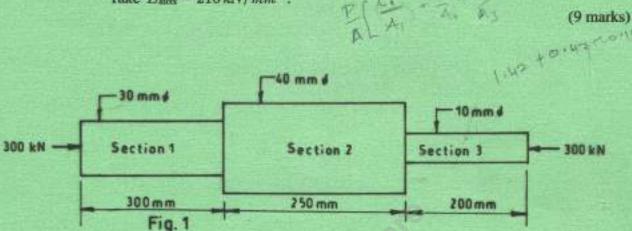
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Answer at least TWO questions from this section.

- (a) Figure 1 shows a longitudinal section through a steel bar of varying sections. If a compressive force of 300 kN is applied to the bar, calculate:
 - (i) stress in each section;
 - (ii) total change in length of the section.

Take $E_{stool} = 210 \, kN/mm^2$.



- (b) A concrete column 4 m high and 400 mm × 200 mm in section is reinforced with six No. 20 mm diameter steel bars. Calculate:
 - safe axial load that can be applied to the column if the permissible stresses are limited to 7 N/mm² for concrete and 140 N/mm² for steel;
 - (ii) change in length that will take place in the column under this load.

Young's modulus: steel = 210 kN/mm² concrete = 14 kN/mm².

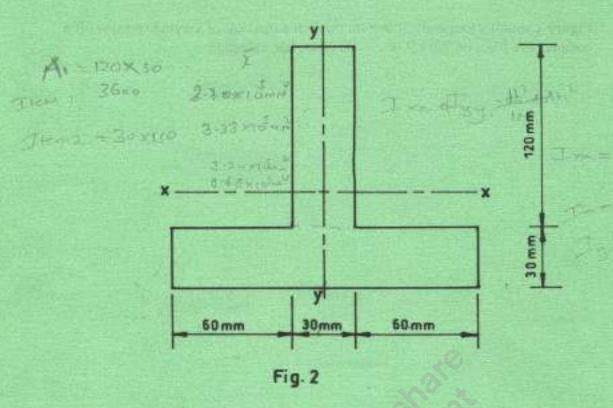
(11 marks)

2705/103 2707/103 2709/103 2710/103 Junet July 2019 2

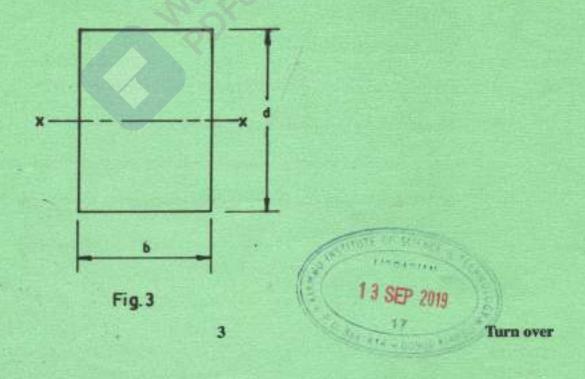


 (a) Figure 2 shows a cross section of a beam. Calculate sect centroidal axes.

(12 marks)

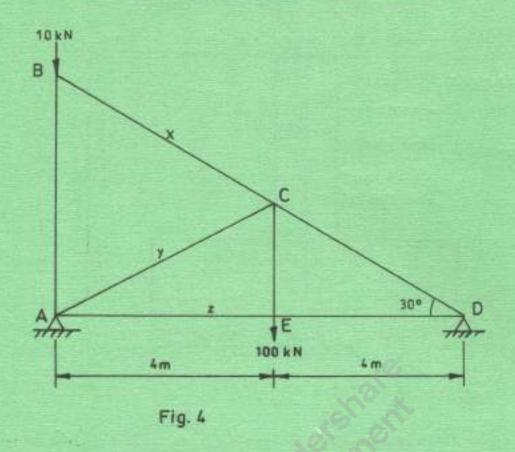


(b) Figure 3 shows a cross section through a rectangular beam. Derive the maximum horizontal shear stress. Take the maximum shear force as Q and hence sketch the horizontal stress distribution diagram. (8 marks)



2705/103 2707/103 2709/103 2710/103 June/July 2019 (a) Using the method of section, analyse the forces and state the members x, y and z for the plane frame shown in figure 4.

(12 marks)



(b) A solid timber column of cross-section 125 mm × 125 mm and actual length of 3.5 m is restrained at both ends in position and at one end in direction only. Calculate the safe buckling load the column can carry using Euler's formula.

Take $E_{timber} = 10 \, kN/mm^2$.

(8 marks)

(a) Differentiate between imposed load and dead load on a building.

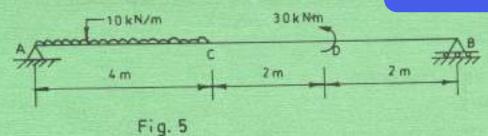
(4 marks)

- (b) Figure 5 shows a loaded beam which is simply supported.
 - (i) sketch the shear force diagram indicating values at critical points;
 - (ii) sketch the bending moment diagram indicating values at critical points.

(11 marks)

2705/103 2707/103 2709/103 2710/103 June/July 2019 ×





(c) Calculate the extreme fibre stress for a rectangular section of a beam 200 mm in breadth and 500 mm deep, when subjected to a bending moment of 150 kN/m. (5 marks)

SECTION B: CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS I

Answer at least TWO questions from this section.

5. (a) Define the term quarrying.

(2 marks)

- (b) Outline the following characteristics of building stones:
 - (i) appearance;
 - (ii) structure;
 - (iii) strength;
 - (iv) workability.

(6 marks)

2705/103 2707/103 2709/103 2710/103 June/July 2019 5

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2705/103 2707/103 2709/103 2710/103 Junei July 2019 g